SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
- Trade name: CALCIUM SULFATE ANHYDRITE Fine
- Chemical name: Calcium sulfate anhydrite
- Molecular formula: CaSO4

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses of the Substance / Mixture
- Plaster
- Agriculture industry
- Construction materials additives

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company
SOLVAY FLUORIDES, LLC
3737 Buffalo Speedway,
Suite 800,
Houston, TX 77098
USA
Tel: 800-515-6065

1.4 Emergency telephone

FOR EMERGENCIES INVOLVING A SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE OR ACCIDENT, CONTACT CHEMTREC (24-Hour Number): 800-424-9300 within the United States and Canada, or 703-527-3887 for international collect calls.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Although WHMIS has not adopted the environmental portion of the GHS regulations, this document may include information on environmental effects

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015)

- Skin irritation, Category 2: H315: Causes skin irritation.
- Eye irritation, Category 2A: H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2 Label elements

Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015)

Pictogram

Signal Word
- Warning

Hazard Statements
Precautionary Statements

Prevention
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification
None identified

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance
- Not applicable, this product is a mixture.

3.2 Mixture
- Formula CaSO4

WHMIS Hazardous Ingredients and Impurities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Identification number CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration [% wt/wt or V/V]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)</td>
<td>7778-18-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 97 - &lt;= 98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium fluoride (CaF2)</td>
<td>7789-75-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt;= 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide (CaO)</td>
<td>1305-78-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.5 - &lt;= 1.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

In case of inhalation
- Move to fresh air.
- Remove the subject from dusty environment and let him blow his nose.
- If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact
- Wash off with soap and water.
- If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact
- In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In case of inhalation

Effects
- These may irritate eyes, nose and throat.

Repeated or prolonged exposure
- Risk of sore throat, nose bleeds
- Risk of chronic bronchitis

In case of skin contact

Effects
- Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation.

In case of eye contact

Symptoms
- Redness
- Lachrymation

Effects
- Moderate eye irritation
- Risk of temporary eye lesions.

In case of ingestion

Effects
- Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
- no data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
- None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire fighting
- Not combustible.
- Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.
Hazardous combustion products:
- Sulfur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
- Avoid dust formation.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel
- Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
- Avoid dust formation.

Advice for emergency responders
- Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.
- Sweep up to prevent slipping hazard.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage.

6.2 Environmental precautions
- Should not be released into the environment.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
- Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.
- Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections
- Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
- Use only in well-ventilated areas.
- Keep away from incompatible products

Hygiene measures
- Eye wash bottles or eye wash stations in compliance with applicable standards.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Technical measures/Storage conditions

- Store in original container.
- Keep in a dry place.
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Keep container closed.
- Keep away from:
  - Incompatible products

Packaging material

Suitable material
- Intermediate Bulk Container (IBC)

Unsuitable material
- No data available

7.3 Specific end use(s)
- Contact your supplier for additional information

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Introductory Remarks: These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Assistance with selection, use and maintenance of worker protection equipment is generally available from equipment manufacturers.

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace occupational exposure limits

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Form of exposure : Inhalable fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nasal symptoms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Expressed as : Calcium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium fluoride (CaF₂)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bone damage, Fluorosis, Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section), Not classifiable as a human carcinogen, varies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Expressed as : Fluorine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide (CaO)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Upper Respiratory Tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Biological Exposure Indices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium fluoride (CaF2)</td>
<td>BEI</td>
<td>2 mg/l Fluoride Urine</td>
<td>Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium fluoride (CaF2)</td>
<td>BEI</td>
<td>3 mg/l Fluoride Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (as soon as possible after exposure ceases)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Control measures

**Engineering measures**
- Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.
- Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

**Individual protection measures**

**Respiratory protection**
- When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
- Use only respiratory protection that conforms to international/national standards.
- Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

**Hand protection**
- Impervious gloves

**Suitable material**
- PVC
- Neoprene
- Natural Rubber

**Eye protection**
- Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.
- Dust proof goggles, if dusty.

**Skin and body protection**
- Dust impervious protective suit

**Hygiene measures**
- Eye wash bottles or eye wash stations in compliance with applicable standards.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical and Chemical properties here represent typical properties of this product. Contact the business area using the Product information phone number in Section 1 for its exact specifications.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
- Form: granules, hygroscopic
- Physical state: solid
- Color: light brown
- Particle size: < 1 mm (60%)

**Odor**
- Odor: odorless

**Odor Threshold**
- No data available

**Molecular weight**
- 136 g/mol

**pH**
- > 10.0 (2 g/l) (68 °F (20 °C))

**Melting point/freezing point**
- Melting point/range: 2,642 °F (1,450 °C) (759.81 mmHg (1,013 hPa))

**Initial boiling point and boiling range**
- Boiling point/boiling range: Not applicable

**Flash point**
- Not applicable, inorganic

**Evaporation rate (Butylacetate = 1)**
- No data available

**Flammability (solid, gas)**
- The product is not flammable.

**Flammability / Explosive limit**
- Explosiveness:
  - Not explosive

**Autoignition temperature**
- No data available

**Vapor pressure**
- Not applicable

**Vapor density**
- Not applicable

**Density**
- Relative density: 2.96 (68 °F (20 °C))

**Solubility**
- Water solubility: 2.4 g/l (68 °F (20 °C)) slightly soluble

**Solubility in other solvents:**
- acids: soluble

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**
- Not applicable

**Decomposition temperature**
- No data available
Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic: Not applicable

Explosive properties

No data available

Oxidizing properties

Not considered as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

- Incompatible with acids.
- Decomposes slowly on exposure to water.

10.2 Chemical stability

- Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

- no data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

- Exposure to moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

- Strong acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

- Sulfur oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)

LD50: > 1,581 mg/kg - Rat, female
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Not classified as hazardous for acute oral toxicity according to GHS.
No mortality observed at this dose.
Unpublished reports

Calcium fluoride (CaF2)

LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg - Rat, female
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Not classified as hazardous for acute oral toxicity according to GHS.
No mortality observed at this concentration.
Unpublished internal reports

Calcium oxide (CaO)

LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg - Rat, female
Method: OECD Test Guideline 425
SAFETY DATA SHEET

CALCIUM SULFATE ANHYDRITE Fine

Revision Date   10/09/2018

Not classified as hazardous for acute oral toxicity according to GHS.
Gavage
No mortality observed at this dose.
Unpublished reports

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)  
LC50 - 4 h (dust/mist) : > 3.26 mg/l - Rat, male and female  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Not classified as hazardous for acute inhalation toxicity according to GHS.
No mortality observed at this concentration.
Unpublished reports

Calcium fluoride (CaF2)  
LC50 - 4 h (dust/mist) : > 5.070 mg/m3 - Rat, male and female  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Not classified as hazardous for acute inhalation toxicity according to GHS.
Unpublished internal reports

**Acute dermal toxicity**

Calcium fluoride (CaF2)  
study scientifically unjustified

Calcium oxide (CaO)  
By analogy
LD50 : - Rabbit, male and female  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Not classified as hazardous for acute dermal toxicity according to GHS.
No effect observed at this dose or concentration
Unpublished reports

**Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**

No data available

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Humans
Skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Humans
Eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)  
Buehler Test - Guinea pig
Responding animals in Buehler test < 15 %
The substance or mixture is not considered to be sensitizing by skin contact.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Occlusive
Unpublished reports

Calcium fluoride (CaF2)  
Local lymph node assay - Mouse
Does not cause skin sensitization.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Unpublished internal reports
Mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)

- Ames test
  - negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  - Unpublished reports

- Gene mutation assays in mammalian cells.
  - Strain: mouse lymphoma cells
  - with and without metabolic activation
  - negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  - Unpublished reports

Calcium fluoride (CaF2)

- Ames test
  - negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  - Unpublished internal reports

- Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Strain: Chinese hamster lung cells
  - with and without metabolic activation
  - negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  - Unpublished internal reports

- Gene mutation assays in mammalian cells.
  - Strain: Chinese hamster lung cells
  - with and without metabolic activation
  - negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  - Unpublished internal reports

Calcium oxide (CaO)

- Mutagenicity (Salmonella typhimurium - reverse mutation assay)
  - with and without metabolic activation
  - negative
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  - Unpublished reports

Genotoxicity in vivo

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)

- In vivo micronucleus test - Mouse
  - male
  - Oral
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - negative
  - Unpublished reports
### Carcinogenicity

**Rat**
**Oral**
NOAEL: 256mg/kg

This product does not contain any ingredient designated as probable or suspected human carcinogens by:
- IARC
- ACGIH

### Toxicity for reproduction and development

#### Toxicity to reproduction / fertility

**Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)**
- Reproduction / developmental toxicity screening test - Rat, male and female, Oral
- Fertility NOAEL Parent: 790 mg/kg
- Early Embryonic Development NOAEL F1: 790 mg/kg
- OECD Test Guideline 422
- Highest dose tested, Unpublished reports

**Calcium fluoride (CaF2)**
- By analogy
- The product is not considered to affect fertility., Test substance, Sodium fluoride

**Calcium oxide (CaO)**
- By analogy
- Reproduction / developmental toxicity screening test - Rat, Oral
- The product is not considered to affect fertility., Unpublished reports
  - By analogy
- Reproduction / developmental toxicity screening test - Mouse, Oral
  - The product is not considered to affect fertility., Unpublished reports

#### Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

**Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)**
- Various species, male and female, Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal NOAEL: 1,600 mg/kg
- Teratogenicity NOAEL: 1,600mg/kg
- Highest dose tested, Unpublished reports

**Calcium fluoride (CaF2)**
- By analogy
- Test substance, Sodium fluoride, The product is not considered to be toxic for development.

**Calcium oxide (CaO)**
- By analogy
  - Rat, Oral
  - The product is not considered to be teratogenic., The product is not considered to be embryotoxic / fetotoxic., Unpublished reports
  - By analogy
  - Mouse, Oral
  - The product is not considered to be teratogenic., The product is not considered to be embryotoxic / fetotoxic., Unpublished reports
STOT

**STOT-single exposure**
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure according to GHS criteria. According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure according to GHS criteria. According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) Subacute exposure - Rat, male and female NOAEL: 79 mg/kg bw/day Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Unpublished reports

Calcium fluoride (CaF2) By analogy Inhalation 28-day - Rat, male and female NOAEC: 7 mg/m3 Test substance: Aluminum fluoride Method: OECD Test Guideline 412 Unpublished internal reports

Calcium oxide (CaO) By analogy Not considered to cause serious damage to health on repeated exposure Unpublished reports

**Experience with human exposure**
No data available

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not applicable
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

**Aquatic Compartment**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)  
**LC50 - 96 h : > 79 mg/l - Fishes, Oryzias latipes**  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  
Not harmful to fish (LC/LL50 > 100 mg/L)  
Freshwater species  
Published data  
Unpublished reports

Calcium oxide (CaO)  
By analogy

**LC50 - 96 h : - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)**  
static test  
Analytical monitoring: yes

Test substance: Non neutralized product  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  
Freshwater species  
Unpublished reports
Acute toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)  
EC50 - 48 h : > 79 mg/l - Daphnia magna (Water flea)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  
Not harmful to aquatic invertebrates. (EC/EL50 > 100 mg/L)  
Freshwater species  
Published data  
Unpublished reports

Calcium oxide (CaO)  
By analogy  
EC50 - 48 h : - Daphnia magna (Water flea)  
static test  
Analytical monitoring: yes  
Test substance: Non neutralized product  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  
Freshwater species  
Unpublished reports

Toxicity to aquatic plants

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)  
ErC50 - 72 h : > 79 mg/l - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)  
Endpoint: Growth rate  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Not harmful to algae (EC/EL50 > 100 mg/L)  
Freshwater species  
Unpublished reports  
NOEC - 72 h : > 2,100 mg/l - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)  
Endpoint: Growth rate  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
No adverse chronic effect observed up to and including the threshold of 1 mg / l.  
Freshwater species  
Unpublished reports

Calcium oxide (CaO)  
By analogy  
ErC50 - 72 h : - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)  
static test  
Analytical monitoring: yes  
Endpoint: Growth rate  
Test substance: Non neutralized product  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Freshwater species  
Unpublished reports  
By analogy  
ErC10 - 72 h : - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)  
static test  
Analytical monitoring: yes  
Endpoint: Growth rate  
Test substance: Non neutralized product  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Freshwater species  
Unpublished reports
Toxicity to microorganisms
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)
EC50 - 3 h : > 1,000 mg/l
Endpoint: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Unpublished reports

Calcium oxide (CaO)
By analogy

EC50 - 3 h : activated sludge
static test
Endpoint: Respiration inhibition
Test substance: Non neutralized product
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Freshwater species
Unpublished reports

Chronic toxicity to fish
No data available

Chronic toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
Calcium oxide (CaO)
By analogy

NOEC: 14 Days - Crustaceans
semi-static test
Analytical monitoring: no
Endpoint: mortality
Test substance: Non neutralized product
Sea water
Published data

Terrestrial Compartment

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms
Calcium oxide (CaO)
By analogy

- 28 d - Eisenia fetida (earthworms)
Endpoint: Reproduction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 222
This product does not have any known adverse effect on the soil organisms tested.
Unpublished reports

Toxicity to terrestrial plants
Calcium oxide (CaO)
By analogy

NOEC: 21 Days - Brassica napus
Method: OECD Test Guideline 208
This product does not have any known adverse effects on the flora tested
Unpublished reports

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation
Stability in water
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)  Not applicable,
Calcium fluoride (CaF2)  Water/soil, hydrolyzes, Degradation products:, hydrofluoric acid
Water/soil, inert product in normal environmental conditions

Photodegradation
Chemical degradation
Medium
Water
Soil
not significant

Biodegradation

Biodegradability
The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.
Not applicable, mixture of inorganic substances

Degradability assessment
Not applicable, mixture of inorganic substances

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Not applicable, mixture of inorganic substances

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption potential (Koc)
Water/soil
low solubility and mobility
Air
mobility as solid aerosols

Known distribution to environmental compartments
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)  Not applicable
Calcium fluoride (CaF2)  Not applicable, inorganic substance
Calcium oxide (CaO)  Not applicable, inorganic substance
12.6 Other adverse effects

Ecotoxicity assessment

**Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard**
According to the available data on the components
The product does not have any known adverse effects on the aquatic organisms tested
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard**
According to the available data on the components
Does not have any known long term adverse effects on the aquatic organisms tested
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

---

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Product Disposal**
- Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. All disposal methods must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations.
- Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are the responsibility of the waste generator.

**Advice on cleaning and disposal of packaging**
- For unused and uncontaminated product, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: recycler, reclaimer, incinerator or other thermal destruction device or industrial landfill.

---

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

**TDG**
not regulated

**DOT**
not regulated

**NOM**
not regulated

**IMDG**
not regulated

**IATA**
not regulated

Note: The above regulatory prescriptions are those valid on the date of publication of this sheet. Given the possible evolution of transportation regulations for hazardous materials, it would be advisable to check their validity with your sales office.
### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1 Notification status**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory Information</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States TSCA Inventory</td>
<td>- Listed on Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico INSQ (INSQ)</td>
<td>- In compliance with the inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>- Listed on Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand. Inventory of Chemical Substances</td>
<td>- In compliance with the inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>- Listed on Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan. CSCL - Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances</td>
<td>- Listed on Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals List (KECI)</td>
<td>- Listed on Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>- Listed on Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>- Listed on Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU. European Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemical (REACH)</td>
<td>- When purchased from a European Solvay legal entity, this product is compliant with the registration provisions of the REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as all its components are either excluded, exempt, and/or registered. When purchased from a legal entity outside of Europe, please contact your local representative for additional information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**15.2 National Regulations**

No data available

### SECTION 16: Other information

**Revision Date:**

10/09/2018
Further information
- Distribute new edition to clients
- Update
- See section 3
- See section 8

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet
- PEL Permissible exposure limit
- TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average
- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- NTP National Toxicology Program
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
- NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. Such information is only given as a guidance to help the user handle, use, process, store, transport, dispose, and release the product in satisfactory safety conditions and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. It should be used in conjunction with technical sheets but do not replace them. Thus, the information only relates to the designated specific product and may not be applicable if such product is used in combination with other materials or in any other manufacturing process, unless otherwise specifically indicated. It does not release the user from ensuring he is in conformity with all regulations linked to its activity.